

Bingo: Forming a Government

Take out blue packet, yellow sheet, and study guide.

Come up with at least 25 words/people/key terms/places from the unit (Federalism, Articles of Confederation, Shays Rebellion, James Madison.....)

Write one in each box.

Bingo questions:

1. This agreement settled the debate on how to count slave populations in the South for determining taxes and representation in Congress.
2. He is considered the father of the Constitution.
3. Law that established how new states could be added to the union and outlawed slavery.
4. Name for people who felt that constitution did not protect individual rights and feared the central gov. was too strong

5. System created to keep one branch of gov. from becoming too powerful

6. Agreement that settled the debate on how to determine representation in gov. and established the bicameral legislative branch.

7. Means "one house" as in a legislative branch

8. A series of essays that supported the Constitution and tried to address the fears of those against it

9. Farmers in Western Massachusetts who rebelled against the higher taxes on land. This uprising highlighted the weaknesses of the current constitution.

10. The sharing of power between the federal gov and the state gov.

11. Means "two houses" as in a legislative branch

12. He did not attend the Constitutional Convention as he was ambassador to England.

13. First 10 amendments to the Constitution and protected the rights of citizens. Many states only voted in favor of the Constitution with the promise that these would added.

14. Name of a plan that called for a unicameral legislature and representation equal for all states in the gov.

15. These were placed on imports and exports that caused economic problems for many states.

16. Was the first Constitution of the United States- had many weaknesses.

17. Branch of gov that makes laws

18. Branch of gov. that reviews the laws.

19. Branch of gov. that makes sure the laws are carried out- contains the president

20. Plan that suggested a bicameral legislature and representation determined by population. Also wanted a strong central gov.

21. Name for a group of people who supported the Constitution.

22. He was elected President of the Constitutional Convention.

23. He did not attend the Constitutional Convention as he was ambassador to France.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. 3/5 Compromise | 17. Legislative Branch |
| 2. James Madison | 18. Judicial Branch |
| 3. Northwest Ordinance | 19. Executive Branch |
| 4. Anti-Federalists | 20. Virginia Plan |
| 5. Checks and balances | 21. Federalists |
| 6. Great Compromise | 22. George Washington |
| 7. unicameral | 23. Thomas Jefferson |
| 8. Federalist Papers | |
| 9. Shays' Rebellion | |
| 10. Federalism | |
| 11. bicameral | |
| 12. John Adams | |
| 13. Bill of Rights | |
| 14. New Jersey Plan | |
| 15. tariffs | |
| 16. Articles of Confederation | |